Hey, I shrunk the Dictionaries! Zev bar-Lev, San Diego State U.,

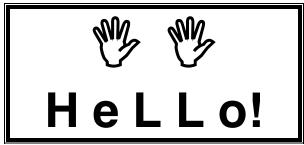
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with the help of "Magic Letters"! Magic Letters have been "hiding in Plain Sight"

-even while performing their own Beautiful Ballet, MIMING MEANINGS!

With any dictionary, you have to Tweak¹ meanings to fit context. But here you have to Tweak the Magic Letter itself, starting with "Lofty L & Bountiful B."

Lift your hands & your tongue (Lingua) to say 'he LLo!" (a Loha, ah Lan).



(The MagLet \blacksquare is like \blacksquare ifting your hand; so too in Spanish/Arabic eL 'the' = Lifting a finger to point.)

At the end, Magic Letters will reveal & explain

amazing, previously unnoticed ambiguities.

Let's visit the Big' Bolshoy Theater in Moscow, which displays BOUNTIFUL B.

The Big

Big' Bolshoy theater.

The diMinitive

Maliy theater.

In Language as in Life, "Shift Happens." Can you connect the meanings 'much/many, sell, city, police, police, policy'? These & other meanings are found in the "sproutings" of the Greek root *PoL*-.

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Bol'shoy 'Big'		Malïy.
<mark>Б</mark> ольшой театр		Малый театр
'Big'		'small'*

The Magic Alphabet is the "Living Root" of ALL WORDS IN ALL LANGUAGES.

It is the DNA of human Language & Thought; like human chromosomes, All MagLets are "diploid": they each have two Main Meanings, each the basis for many words.

Farsi	Greek		Hebrew			Main Meaning	2
Bozorg	Biblos	Ballein	Bneh	Baqar	Basár	Bqa°	B én
'Big'	'Book'	throw'	'Build	'Beef'	'meat'	'Break,split'	'Between'

BOUNTIFUL B, including: Beautiful, Bless, Ballet, Bounce, a Ball, Book

.Bread & Butter², Broccoli, Beet, Russian Bulki 'Bread-rolls

The MagLet B means: BULGE, BOUNTY; OR (MAIN MEANING 2:) SPLIT.

*The Mystical MagLet M means 'MINI-MAX,' as in Micro/Macro.

² In a classic Ukrainian & Jewish story, God grants one Eternal Wish to a humble man, & he chooses a hot roll & butter.

The first consonant Letter in any word in any Language is an icon—an "eye-con," which fools you into filling in context & thus understanding the whole word.

The MagLet L. Hebrew 7

Airlines:	ae L °a L	Lot
	'up-to above' (Israeli)	'flight'(Polish)

L means 'Lift, Laud, Lord...'

↑↑ ↑ ↑ haLLeLu eL eLyón l'oL	.am.	<u> </u>
'Laud the Lord above for-	a Lways'	
Nothing to buy:	Just Look &	z S©©!
The Alphabet you already	Have in your Head	

is all the Magic you need—IFF you know how to look at it!
So Any Alphabet is a Universal Lexicon—a dictionary of

each & every human language.

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BZ insightfully asks: "Do you think some part of the Brain lights up when you say L?"

Yes! If you sing *Lalala*, your tongue lifts. When you say *heLLo*, your hand may lift. So yes, I'm sure some appropriate part of the Brain lights up.

	אַל עַל	אַל עֶליוֹן	על
so the Israeli airline	^a eL aL	^a eL ^o eLyón	°oL
means:	'upTo above'	'God above'	'Burden, Load'

The MagLet Sh! — is onomatopoetic,



Uin Hebrew, it also looks like its

meaning:—a smile crossed by a finger.3

meaning 'PEACE&QUIET,LAW&ORDER...

So you can "hear" the officials "shushing" everybody in this Hebrew sentence:

Shotrim	Shoftim	Shomrim	Shalóm	Shèqet	Shalóm	Shabát
Police	Judges	Preserve	peace	silence	Peace	Sabbath

Why does Russian *Shar* = 'ball'? Because it is a *sphere*: compare the MagPair *SF* (below)

& ORDERLINESS.

including clothing in English & Russian, & certain numbers in Hebrew & Chinese.

Hebrew sHmoneh '8' & yeSH 'there is'; Chinese Shr = '10' & 'is' & 'yes.'

³ In English, S is the smile, while h is the finger crossing it.

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Reactions.

Dimensions of "Poly-Symbolism."

- 1. Human language is "Poly-Symbolic": it uses several different ways of expressing & reinforcing the ideas that it expresses.
- 1. Kurt noted how the meanings of Hebrew words "jump up from the page" because of MagLets;
- 2. Norm says that he can even **hear the meanings**, as with **words**; **like SHeqet** 'silence,' **SHalóm** 'peace.'
- 3. MagLets even allowed Norm to peel off prefixes, as when he noticed that *toDah* = 'thanks'—like *Danke* in German. Reese guessed that the Galilee in Israel has rolling hills because of *GL* 'ROLL' (one the "MagPairs';
- 4. & he connected Hebrew *Ger* 'stranger' with its French homonym *GueRre* 'war'; while Shoshana saw the Parallel of *eka-padasana* 'ONE- (foot stance 'with Hebrew *Donayy eHad* '(God is) ONE.'
- 5. And it was Norm's wife Roxanne who connected Hebrew *vva-* 'and' with English *With.*

Is Lexicon "Arbitrary"? Yes & No!

It's an axiom of linguistics that Words are
arbitrary sequences of sounds (or letters)
with an equally arbitrary meaning.

But in the present view, ^aebhen means 'stone' because it's based on BN-'Build' while ^aeTz means 'tree' because its first consonant is *tzadi*, which means 'jut out.'

So Hebrew ° <i>eTz</i> could means	
'stone,' & aebhen could mean	
'tree.'	

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Cups & Caps & Mirror Images.

The MagLet C (& K^4) means CATCH, COLLECT, CONQUER.

CONTAINERS like Chair, Church, Congress, Spanish Casa 'house.'

•	Kós 'Cup'	
Hebrew C/K is a backwards C.	Kadúr 'a ball'	Not a container, but something to CATCH.
פֿיפָּה	Kipah 'Cap	D '
. Сом	Kise ^a 'Chair'	
وَتُۉؗۤٚٮ	Kneset 'Congress'	
لأنا	Γενος 'a nation'	

MagLets each have 2 Main Meanings (such as B1 = BULGE, B2 BREAK). **MagLet GRoups.**

There are 7 Primary MagLet-GRoups, such as B, P, F (with Parallel Main Meanings), or S, G.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 4}$ C & K are different forms of the same MagLet!

MagPairs have far more individual character.

MagPair	Meaning	Examples E.				H.	
PR	Push Forward	PRay		PRey	PRoto	PRu	Pa⁰aR
						'PRocreate'	'gap'
PL	PuLL/Push-up	PLuck	PoL-	<gk.< td=""><td>PLus,PLuto-</td><td>< 'rich'</td><td></td></gk.<>	PLus,PLuto-	< 'rich'	
GR	GRowl, GRid		much, sell,city'			'redemption'	
GL	roll	GLobe			oGLe, eaGLe	GoaL	
			DaBer		GaLlivant	GiL	mGiLah
DB/DV	Buzz	Dub/ Dab	'speak'	Dov	<'Bear'	'rejoice/age'	'scroll'
DVorah	DVash	DVorah		DVash		G'uLah	'redemption'
		'Bee'	Gk.	,honey'	Ru.		(GoaL)
GL	roll (up), GLow	GoLGoLet	GLossa	GoLos	GoLova	GoLem	'monster'
		'skull'	'tongue'	'voice'	'head'		(GLoom)

GL 'ROLL-UP.'

Eng.					Greek	
PLuck	PLay	PLaza	PLus	PeeL	PoL-	
GL	GLobe	oGLe	eaGLe,BaGeL			

Greek *PoL-* = 'much/many, sell, city (PoLice, PoLite); *Ru:* PoL = 'half/sex'

The MagPair SF = 'Close,' as in: SPHincter, SPHinx, SPHecelation, He. SFatayyim 'lips.'

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GRoups).

M N	<u></u>	Sh	X,j,tz	S	T T	B
1.pull, Mini, Master	<u>Lift</u> ,Laud, God above	SHower, send	out, Jut	Spin, Silly	press-Down	Bulge, Build
2.Mix, Maxi, Many	Lock, Leave, no, Dress	SHine, silence	eXcell, tree, Justice	Seal, Scroll	<u>Decide</u> Door,	Bust, Bounty

Hebrew, Greek & Russian words from Primary MagLets.

	1 .				T		T _
	1	2	3	4	5,	6	7
	M	L	Sh	X,J,Tz	S	D	В
Hebrew	°aM	°aLeh	SHalóm	Tzedeq	Sóv	Dellet	BoleT
Meanings:	People	Go up,lea f	Peace	Justice	Spin	Door	Bulge
English	Mob	Lift	SHelter	eXcelle nt	Silly	Drop,Decide	Big
				Heb.			
				^a eTZ			
				'tree.'			

n	10
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Greek	Mega	Labe	Shôpê	eXodos	Seleinê	Didaskei	Ballei
Meanings:	Big	Take	Silence	eXit	Moon	Teach	throw
		Up					

A Mnemonic for the 7 Primary Meanings is:

Many Large SHields eXquisitely Surround Dangerous Bumps. (the "highway to anywhere")

The Seven Primary Magic Letters (& Ambiguity. •

Ambiguity is part of human existence. Quantum mechanics has "Schrödinger's Cat," neither alive nor dead in the microwave until you open it. Linguistics has "Schrödinger's Chicken, either eating or eaten in *The chicken is* ready to eat.

Magic letters explains its own special ambiguities.

Hebrew oR as 'light' or 'leather.'

Hebrew ${}^o oR$ 'skin/leather' is based on R1 'STRETCH, REACH,' while ${}^o oR$ 'ight' is based on R2 'ENLIGHTEN.' (similarly Rav = 'a lot' or 'rabbi.'

GRain of wood vs. sand.

More excruciatingly, how can *GRain* be used both for a Pattern in *Grain of Wood*, & also a Particle in *GRain of Sand*. (Note the Parallel here between *Pattern* & *Particle*.) Whether in physics or linguistics, the goal is **to identify** & **explain** ambiguities, which are part of Nature, whether physical or linguistic. (And note the Parallel between *Pattern & Particle*!)

The explanatory power of MagLet theory is shown even more in the Hebrew monkey being "caffeinated" (Qóf 'monkey', Qofewtz 'jump' & Qafeh 'coffee,) & Hebrew elephant being 'wondrous' (PiL 'elephant' & PeLe^a 'a wonder.')

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